HOW TO WRITE A SUMMARY

- 1. A summary begins with an introductory sentence that states the article's title and author.
- 2. A summary must contain the main thesis or standpoint of the text, restated in your own words. (To do this, first find the thesis statement in the original text.)
- 3. A summary is written in your own words. It contains few or no quotes.
- 4. A summary is always shorter than the original text, often about 1/3 as long as the original. It is the ultimate fat-free writing. An article or paper may be summarized in a few sentences or a couple of paragraphs. A book may be summarized in an article or a short paper. A very large book may be summarized in a smaller book.
- 5. A summary should contain all the major points of the original text, and should ignore most of the fine details, examples, illustrations or explanations.
- 6. The backbone of any summary is formed by crucial details (key names, dates, events, words and numbers). A summary must never rely on vague generalities.
- 7. If you quote anything from the original text, even an unusual word or a catchy phrase, you need to put whatever you quote in quotation marks ("").
- 8. A summary must contain <u>only</u> the ideas of the original text. Do not insert any of your own opinions, interpretations, deductions or comments into a summary.
- 9. A summary, like any other writing, has to have a specific audience and purpose, and you must carefully write it to serve that audience and fulfill that specific purpose.